

Part 2A of Form ADV: Firm Brochure



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This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Ratón Wealth, LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at 317-537-7801 or paulc@ratonwealth.com. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about Ratón Wealth, LLC also is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov. You can search this site by a unique identifying number, known as a CRD number. Our firm's CRD number is 290027.

Item 2 Summary of Material Changes

The purpose of Item 2 is to disclose material changes that have been made to this Brochure since the last annual update of this Brochure.

Since the last annual update of this Brochure, there are no material changes:

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Item 4 Advisory Business

Ratón Wealth, LLC (“Advisor”) is a privately-held limited liability company that began providing investment advisory services in 2017 whose principal owner is: Paul E Coan, CFP®, ChFC® Managing Member who has been in the financial services industry since 1999.

This Brochure provides important information about Advisor, its services and compensation, the costs of its advisory services, and situations where its interests may conflict with the interests of its clients. Clients should pay particular attention to the discussions about the various potential conflicts of interest because these can affect Advisor’s judgment in managing client’s account, in recommending the custodian to hold account assets, and in choosing the broker to execute trades for the account, among other important considerations.

If you have questions about the information in this Brochure, you can reach your investment adviser representative at the email address, telephone number, or street address shown on the Brochure Supplement he or she gives you.

As used in this brochure, the words “we,” “our,” and “us” refer the Advisor and the words “you,” “your,” and “client” refer to you as either a client or prospective client of our firm.

SERVICES ADVISOR OFFERS

Advisor offers a range of investment advisory programs and services, including the following:

- Managed Account Services
- Financial Planning Services
- Consulting Services

Please note that the information in this Brochure is necessarily general and does not address all details of Advisor’s services. Because certain terms of a client’s Advisory Agreement are negotiable, clients should always refer to their individual Advisory Agreement for terms that apply specifically to them.

MANAGED ACCOUNT SERVICES (“MA”)

Managed Account Services provides clients with programs for investing funds according to their needs. These programs begin with the development of a model of client and market data. The model serves to illustrate the interaction between a client’s objectives and constraints, and the risk-reward alternatives of the market. A review with the client results in a personal investment policy which becomes the blueprint for his/her investment plan. RATÓN WEALTH implements the customized policy in accordance with prevailing market conditions and expectations. Portfolios constructed by RATÓN WEALTH include common stocks, municipal bonds, government and agency bonds, corporate debt securities, Exchange Traded Funds (“ETFs”), and put or call options paired with either equities or ETFs to achieve a hedge or downside protection. In unique circumstances, RATÓN WEALTH places client assets in mutual funds or assists clients in opening relationships with other money managers. However, we do not provide “wrap fee” services.

After initial investment, WP&M continuously supervises the portfolio, and provides re-optimization as changes in market conditions and client circumstances require. To reduce downside risk, some client portfolios may have married puts, covered calls or a tactical overlay.

Deposit Cash or Cash Equivalents

Generally, for the MA Services, client is expected to deliver only cash or cash equivalents to the Custodian. With Advisor’s consent, client may transfer securities to the Custodian, but the securities

will be liquidated to cash as soon as reasonably practical, unless Advisor agrees that such assets may be retained in the account. Client may not transfer or deposit to the account any securities that are not publicly traded or that cannot be promptly sold, except upon our agreement. Client will grant us and the Custodian the authority, in our respective discretion, to liquidate securities transferred into the account or to require client to transfer such securities out of the account upon request.

Clients may withdraw account assets on notice to Advisor, subject to usual and customary securities settlement procedures. Advisor designs its portfolios as long-term investments and the withdrawal of assets may impair the achievement of a client's investment objectives. Advisor may consult with its clients about the options and implications of transferring securities. Clients are advised that when transferred securities are liquidated, they may be subject to transaction fees, fees assessed at the mutual fund level (i.e. early redemption or contingent deferred sales charges) and tax ramifications, for example.

Suitability Information

Through the MA Services, Ratón Wealth will work with the client to identify the client's personal and financial situation, and the investment objective, tolerance for risk, liquidity needs, and investment time horizon (all the "Suitability Information") for the account that will be managed through the MA Services.

Based on the Suitability Information and any other information the Ratón Advisors determines appropriate under the circumstances, the Ratón Advisors will work with the client to develop a portfolio of investments which is suitable for initial investment of the assets to be managed through the MA Services. The portfolio will provide for allocation of the assets among various asset classes, to be managed by the Ratón Advisors on a fully discretionary basis according to an investment style and strategy consistent with the account's Suitability Information.

CUSTODIAN

Clients who wish to participate in the MA Services or MPM Services must maintain their assets with a qualified custodian acceptable to Advisor, in its sole discretion. Advisor recommends clients use the custodial and brokerage services of TD Ameritrade Institutional, a division of TD Ameritrade Inc., member FINRA/SIPC ("TD Ameritrade"). TD Ameritrade is an independent broker-dealer not affiliated with Advisor. TD Ameritrade is also referred to as "Custodian."

Please refer to Item 8 for information about Advisor's methods of analysis and investment strategies, the types of investments Advisor generally recommends, and the material risks involved with respect to the MA Service and MPM Service. Refer to Item 12 for information regarding brokerage.

FINANCIAL PLANNING & EXTENDED PLANNING SERVICES

Ratón Wealth offers clients a range of financial planning services based on the specific needs of the client. Advisor and client will enter into a written Advisory Agreement that describes the specific Financial Planning Services Advisor will provide, and the Advisory Fees for such services. Through our Financial Planning Services, the client's Ratón Advisor meets with the client to discuss and analyze the client's investments and financial situation, and help the client to identify his or her investment goals and objectives, tolerance for risk, and investment time horizon, among other key factors to developing a financial plan. Clients may be asked to provide detailed information about the client's personal and family situation, estate and retirement plans, trust agreements, wills, investments, insurance, or other information necessary to provide the specific services requested. Based on the information provided by the client, the Ratón Advisors will develop recommendations to help the client towards achieving his or

her investment objectives.

Reliance on Information from Client, Other Professionals & Planning Assumptions

In providing the Financial Planning Services, the Ratón Advisors will rely on assumptions or estimates regarding a number of important factors that may or may not turn out to be accurate at any time. These assumptions will often include subjects such as future market performance and investment returns, anticipated and reasonably foreseeable living and medical expenses, tax laws, interest rates, and other factors. Advisor will also rely on information provided by client and client's other professionals (e.g., attorneys, accountants, etc.).

Advisor is not required to verify any information received from the client or from such other professionals, and Advisor is expressly authorized to rely on such information. As a result of likely differences between the items assumed and the actual situation at any time in the future, client's (or client's successors') financial situation or needs may be materially different than anticipated and client's financial or investment objectives may not be achieved. Clients are advised that it remains their responsibility to promptly notify Advisor if there is ever any change in their financial situation or investment objectives for the purpose of reviewing, evaluating, or revising Advisor's previous recommendations or services.

Advisor will generally provide a written report or financial plan in connection with the Financial Planning Services which will usually include recommendations to assist the client in achieving his or her financial goals and objectives, which may include recommendation to use Advisor's services to manage client's assets. See Item 10 for potential conflicts of interest that arise as a result of the potential for compensation if the client chooses to accept such recommendation.

Extended Planning Services

Once the initial engagement has been completed, the client will determine the extent to which client wishes to implement the recommendations made by Advisor, and may extend the Advisory Agreement to provide for an annual, renewable extended planning arrangement which includes on-going guidance and assistance with respect to implementation and regular consultations with their Ratón Advisors.

CONSULTING SERVICES

Advisor provides a range of consulting services addressing a variety of investment and non-investment related matters, such as investment consultations. The scope of these project-based services varies, as each engagement is individually negotiated and tailored to accommodate the specific needs of a particular client. In these cases, the services we provide will be included in a consulting agreement negotiated by Advisor and the client. We will charge a project or consulting fee, which will vary depending on the scope of the services to be provided. Advice is based on objectives communicated, either orally or in writing, by the client or the client's advisors. Advice may be provided through individual consultations or a written plan document, as agreed between Advisor and client.

INFORMATION REGARDING OUR SERVICES

Changes in Client Circumstances

Clients are advised that changes in their personal or financial situation, investment objectives, tolerance for risk, or investment time horizon may cause the strategy or portfolio designated for the client's account to become no longer suitable. In the event of any material change in client's personal or financial circumstances, client should contact the Ratón Advisors promptly so that we may assist in identifying another program, strategy or other investments that better meet the client's needs.

SECURITIES ABOUT WHICH WE OFFER ADVICE

We offer advice regarding a wide variety of securities, including:

- exchange-listed or over-the-counter, common, preferred, or convertible securities of domestic or foreign issuers;
- warrants;
- certificates of deposit;
- corporate debt securities;
- municipal securities;
- securities issued by the US Treasury, agencies, or government sponsored enterprises;
- shares of money market funds, open-end investment companies (mutual funds), closed-end funds, unit investment trusts, and exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”); and
- option contracts on securities.

However, with respect to any individual client’s account and Portfolio, our advice will be limited to those securities with respect to which the client has requested advice and those which the Ratón Advisors determines are suitable for the account. This list is more extensive than the investments we recommend for a typical client’s account. Please refer to the discussion in Item 4 with respect to the MA Service in Item 8 for information about the investments we typically recommend.

Item 5 Fees and Compensation

INDIVIDUAL MANAGED ACCOUNT SERVICES

The maximum Advisory Fee rate for the MA Services is 0.90% based upon a percentage of assets under management. Our fees are billed monthly, in advance, at the beginning of each calendar month based upon the market value of the client's account on the last trading day of the previous month. If services are initiated or terminated at any time other than the beginning or end of a calendar month, fees will be pro-rated. Fees will be debited from the account or other related account in accordance with the client authorization in the Advisory Agreement.

A minimum \$400,000 of assets under management for wealth management per relationship is required for services although the account size may be negotiable under certain circumstances. Clients under the \$400,000 threshold will be charged our minimum annual fee of \$3,600 until client’s manageable investment portfolio exceeds \$400,000. Advisor may group certain related client accounts for the purposes of achieving the minimum account size and determining the annualized fee.

Total Assets Under Management	Managed Account Services Annual Fee
Up to \$3,000,000	0.90% - 90 basis points
Over \$3,000,001*	Flat Retainer \$27,000

*Account value under retainer fee limit to start, must be above limit for three consecutive months to convert to flat retainer fee.

Additional Fees & Expenses

The Advisory Fees are separate and distinct from a number of other expenses that the accounts will incur, including:

- Brokerage and Investment Expenses

- Investment Company Expenses
- Custodial Expenses

Brokerage and Investment Expenses

As used in this Brochure, the term “Brokerage and Investment Expenses” refers to the following:

- commissions, ticket charges, and other fees charged by brokers (including the Custodians) who execute securities transactions for the account on an agency basis;
- mark-ups, mark-downs, or other spreads included in the amount charged by or paid to a dealer for securities bought or sold on a principal basis, and underwriting fees, dealer concessions, or related compensation in connection with securities acquired in underwritten offerings;
- odd lot differentials, transfer or other taxes, floor brokerage fees, exchange fees, service and handling fees, electronic fund or wire transfer fees, costs of exchanging currencies, and postage and delivery expenses; and
- costs of cash management services (including for “sweep” arrangements of idle cash into bank deposit accounts or money market mutual fund accounts), and direct and indirect fees for other financial or investment services provided by brokers or custodians.

Advisor does not receive any of the Brokerage and Investment Expenses. Please refer to Item 12 for additional information about our brokerage practices and costs.

Investment Company Expenses

Mutual funds, money market funds, ETF's, variable annuities, and UIT's (all referred to as a “fund”) deduct from their assets the internal management fees, operating costs, and investment expenses they incur to operate the fund, and the administrative and mortality costs of the variable annuity. These internal expenses also include recordkeeping fees, and transfer and sub-transfer agent fees, among others. All of these represent indirect expenses that are charged to the fund's shareholders.

Frequently, these internal expenses also include "Distribution Fees." These amounts are deducted from the fund's assets to compensate brokers who sell fund shares, as well as to pay for advertising, printing and mailing prospectuses to new investors, and printing and mailing sales literature. Mutual fund internal expenses also commonly include “Shareholder Service Fees” which are amounts deducted from the fund's assets to pay the costs of responding to investor inquiries and providing investors with information about their accounts.

Distribution Fees and Shareholder Service Fees are referred to collectively as “12b-1 Fees,” named after the SEC rule that adopted them. The 12b-1 Fees are calculated for each class of shares of a fund, and are calculated as a percentage of the total assets attributable to the share class. The 12b-1 Fees, Advisor fees, and other ongoing expenses are described in the fund's prospectus Fee Table. These fees will vary from fund to fund and for different share classes of the same fund. You can use prospectus Fee Tables to help compare the annual expenses of different funds.

Mutual funds may also impose an early redemption fee if shares are redeemed within a short time period, usually within 30, 60 or 90 days from the date of purchase.

Advisor does not receive any of the Investment Company Expenses for investments in a Program Account.

Custodial Expenses

Clients must pay the cost of services provided by their Custodian for: (1) arranging for the receipt and delivery of securities that are purchased, sold, borrowed or loaned for the account; (2) making and receiving payments with respect to account transactions and securities; (3) maintaining custody of account securities; and (4) maintaining custody of cash, receiving dividends, and processing

exchanges, distributions, and rights accruing to the Client's account. The Custodian may be compensated through commissions or other transaction-based fees for securities transactions executed through the Custodian (or its affiliates) or by asset-based fees for investments settled into the Custodian's accounts, or both. The specific fees and terms of each Custodian's services are described in the Client's separate custodial agreement.

Refer to Item 12 for more information regarding brokerage services provided by the Custodians.

FINANCIAL PLANNING & CONSULTING

The fee for financial planning is dependent upon the issues to be reviewed and the complexity of the client's financial situation. It is a one-time project fee that typically ranges between \$500 and \$10,000. The fee is negotiable at Advisor's discretion. The fee is determined and agreed upon by client prior to commencement of any work. A 50% initial deposit is required and the remaining financial planning fee will be due upon completion and delivery of the plan to client. The client may cancel this service at any time with a written notice, however, the client will remain obligated to pay the full financial planning fee, or an agreed upon portion of the fee. Ongoing planning services (including plan updates, new analyses and/or projections) would be provided and charged via an annual retainer fee, billed quarterly. The SBIA Financial Planning Group is not paid any commissions or administration fees for the direct sale of mutual funds or any other investment products.

Depending on the nature and scope of the services to be provided, services are typically completed between 30 and 120 days, provided the client promptly provides all information needed to complete the services. Financial Planning Services or Consulting Services terminate upon completion of the services described in the Advisory Agreement; provided, either party may terminate the Agreement at any time, in which Advisor shall provide a refund (or shall be owed payment) based on the percentage of the project actually completed by Advisor, as Advisor determines in good faith.

Fees for the Extended Planning Services are negotiated similarly to Financial Planning Services, however, the Ratón Advisor will consider the on-going nature of the services, the number and of frequency of client meetings and other contacts, the overall scope of services over the initial one-year period as well as intermediate and longer terms and prospects for future investment management services, and the cost of providing the additional financial services which client selects, among other factors. The Ratón Advisor will provide the client with the estimated costs of the service prior to the client entering into the Advisory Agreement. Fees are generally paid monthly or quarterly in advance; with client permitted to terminate the agreement and receive a refund of any unearned, prepaid fees based on the services actually rendered by the Ratón Advisor.

GENERAL INFORMATION REGARDING FEES

Fees in Advance and Terminations

Advisory fees for the MA Services are paid in advance. The Advisory Agreement may be terminated by either party upon notice to the other party. Advisory Fees payable for the last calendar month shall be prorated based on the number of days the Advisory Agreement is in effect during such month, and the balance shall be refunded to client.

After an Advisory Agreement has been terminated: Client may be charged commissions, sales charges, and transaction, clearance, settlement, and custodial charges, at prevailing rates, by the Custodian and any executing or carrying broker-dealer; client will be responsible for monitoring all transactions and assets; and Advisor shall not have any further obligation to monitor or make recommendations with respect to the account or those assets.

Grandfathering of Minimum Account Requirements

Pre-existing advisory clients are subject to Advisor's minimum account requirements and advisory fees

in effect at the time the client entered into the advisory relationship. Therefore, our minimum account requirements will differ among clients.

Risk of Liquidations to Pay Fees

The Custodian will be authorized to deduct the Advisory Fees directly from the Client's account, without notice to the Client. If sufficient cash is not available in the account to pay the Advisory Fees when due, the Custodian will liquidate securities selected by Advisor without prior notice to the Client. If mutual funds are liquidated, the client may be charged a contingent deferred sales charge, an early redemption fee, or a fee to discourage short-term trading of fund shares. If the liquidated securities have declined in value, the client will realize a loss and lose the opportunity for future appreciation of the securities.

Deduction of Fees from Custodial Account

The Advisory Agreement and Custodian account application authorizes and directs the Custodian to deduct the Advisory Fees directly from the Account upon receipt of our instructions. We require clients to authorize the Custodian to deduct the Advisory Fees from the account and pay us. Clients are not generally permitted to choose to have Advisory Fees billed directly to them for payment in lieu of billing the Custodian; however, this term may be negotiable in our sole discretion. The amount of the Advisory Fee deducted by the Custodian will be reflected on the Custodian's regular statements to the client.

ERISA Accounts

Advisor is deemed to be a fiduciary with respect to certain clients pursuant to the Employee Retirement Income and Securities Act ("ERISA"), and regulations under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"), respectively. As such, our firm is subject to specific duties and obligations under ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code that include among other things, restrictions concerning certain forms of compensation. To avoid engaging in prohibited transactions, Advisor may only charge fees for investment advice about products for which we do not receive any commissions or 12b-1 fees, or conversely, investment advice about products for which we receive commissions or 12b-1 fees, however, only when such fees are used to offset advisory fees.

Limited Negotiability of Advisory Fees

Although Advisor has established the aforementioned fee schedule(s), we retain the discretion to negotiate alternative fees on a client-by-client basis. Client facts, circumstances and needs are considered in determining the fee schedule. These include the complexity of the client, assets to be placed under management, anticipated future additional assets; related accounts; portfolio style, account composition, reports, among other factors. The specific annual fee schedule is identified in the Advisory Agreement between the adviser and each client.

Discounts, not generally available to our advisory clients, may be offered to family members and friends of associated persons of our firm. Because advisory fees and other terms of service may be negotiated separately with individual clients, some accounts pay lower advisory fees than other accounts.

EVALUATE ALL COSTS OF OUR SERVICES

When evaluating the overall costs and benefits of our services, Clients should consider not just the advisory fees, but also the Brokerage and Investment Expenses, the Investment Company Expenses, and Custodial Expenses, as well as the compensation that our parent company will earn which is in addition to the advisory fees client will pay pursuant to the Advisory Agreement. Clients should consider carefully all of these direct and indirect fees and expenses of our services and the investment products Advisor recommends to fully understand the total costs and assess the value of Advisor's services. Our advisory fees and the other costs of our services may be higher than amounts charged by other advisers or financial services firms for similar services.

Item 6 Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management

Advisor does not charge performance-based fees.

Item 7 Types of Clients

Advisor provides advisory services to the following types of clients:

- Individuals (other than high net worth individuals)
- High net worth individuals
- Pension and profit sharing plans (other than plan participants)
- Trusts, estates and charitable organizations
- Corporations or other businesses not listed above

As previously disclosed in Item 5, our firm has established certain initial minimum account requirements, based on the nature of the service(s) being provided. For a more detailed understanding of those requirements, please review the disclosures provided in each applicable service.

Item 8 Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

METHODS OF ANALYSIS

Advisor's Investment Committee and its Ratón Advisors use a variety of methods of analysis in managing client portfolios and the Model Portfolios. Following are typical methods of analysis that may be used; however, Clients should inquire of their specific Ratón Advisor the particular method to be used in managing the Client's account or with respect to a particular Model Portfolio:

Fundamental Analysis. This method is used to measure the intrinsic value of a security by looking at economic and financial factors (including the overall economy, industry conditions, and the financial condition and management of the company itself) to determine if the company is underpriced (indicating it may be a good time to buy) or overpriced (indicating it may be time to sell).

Fundamental analysis does not attempt to anticipate market movements. This presents a potential risk, as the price of a security can move up or down along with the overall market regardless of the economic and financial factors considered in evaluating the stock. We obtain research from third-party sources for much of the data.

Technical Analysis. This method analyzes sector movements and apply that analysis in an attempt to recognize undervalued or oversold sectors. We may also use technical analysis (Stochastic, point-and-figure bullish percent's, or the Dow Theory for example) to raise cash. Technical analysis does not consider the underlying financial condition of a company or industry. This presents a risk in that a

poorly-managed or financially unsound company or out of favor sector may underperform regardless of market movement.

Quantitative Analysis. This method uses mathematical models in an attempt to obtain more accurate measurements of a company's quantifiable data, such as the value of a share price, earnings per share, return-on-equity, PEG ratio, current ratio and debt levels and predict changes to that data. A risk in using quantitative analysis is that the models used may be based on assumptions that prove to be incorrect.

Asset Allocation. This method aims to balance risk and reward by apportioning a portfolio's assets according to an individual's goals, risk tolerance and investment horizon. The three main asset classes are equities, fixed-income and cash and equivalents. Each asset class has different levels of risk and return, so each will behave differently over time. A risk of asset allocation is that the client may not participate in sharp increases in a particular security, industry or market sector. Another risk is that the ratio of securities, fixed income, and cash will change over time due to stock and market movements and, if not corrected, will no longer be appropriate for the client's goals.

Mutual Fund and/or ETF Analysis.

In analyzing mutual funds and ETFs, we look at the experience and track record of the portfolio managers to determine if they have demonstrated the ability to invest successfully over periods of time and in different economic conditions. We also consider whether or not there is a significant overlap with the underlying investments held by other mutual funds and ETFs. We monitor the funds in an attempt to determine if they are continuing to follow their stated investment strategies. We also evaluate the fees of the portfolio managers and the internal expenses to determine whether the client is receiving adequate value for these fees and expenses.

A risk of our mutual fund and ETF analysis is that, as in all investments, past performance does not guarantee future results. A manager who has been successful may not be able to replicate that success in the future. In addition, as we do not control the underlying investments in a fund, managers of different mutual funds and ETFs in a client's account may purchase the same security, increasing the risk to the client if that security were to fall in value. There is also a risk that a manager may deviate from the stated investment mandate or strategy of the fund, which could make the fund less suitable for the client's portfolio. Moreover, we do not control the portfolio manager's daily business or compliance operations, and we may be unaware of the lack of internal controls necessary to prevent business, regulatory or reputational deficiencies.

Risks for all forms of analysis. Our securities analysis methods rely on the assumption that the companies whose securities we purchase and sell, the rating agencies that review these securities, and other publicly-available sources of information about these securities, are providing accurate and unbiased data. While we are alert to indications that data may be incorrect, there is always a risk that our analysis may be compromised by inaccurate or misleading information.

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES & RISKS

Advisor reserves the right to employ a number of investment strategies in pursuit of the investment objectives for client Portfolios, including long-term purchases, short-term purchases (investments expected to be held for less than a year), trading (investments held less than 30 days), and option writing, as follows:

Long - term purchases. We purchase securities with the idea of holding them in the client's account for a year or longer. Typically we employ this strategy when:

- we believe the securities to be currently undervalued, and/or

- we want exposure to a particular asset class over time, regardless of the current projection for this class.

A risk in a long-term purchase strategy is that by holding the security for this length of time, we may not take advantage of short-term gains that could be profitable to a client. Moreover, if our predictions are incorrect, a security may decline sharply in value before we make the decision to sell.

Short - term purchases. When utilizing this strategy, we purchase securities with the idea of selling them within a relatively short time (typically a year or less). We do this in an attempt to take advantage of conditions that we believe will soon result in a price swing in the securities we purchase.

A short-term purchase strategy poses risks should the anticipated price swing not materialize; we are then left with the option of having a long-term investment in a security that was designed to be a short-term purchase, or potentially taking a loss.

In addition, this strategy involves more frequent trading than does a longer-term strategy, and will result in increased brokerage and other transaction-related costs, as well as less favorable tax treatment of short-term capital gains.

Option writing. We may use options as an investment strategy. An option is a contract that gives the buyer the right, but not the obligation, to buy or sell an asset (such as a share of stock) at a specific price on or before a certain date. An option, just like a stock or bond, is a security. An option is also a derivative, because it derives its value from an underlying asset.

The two types of options are calls and puts:

- A call gives the owner the right to buy an asset at a certain price within a specific period of time. We will often sell a call in order to create additional income in an account if we are comfortable with the option strike price as a suitable sale price for the underlying stock.
- A put gives the holder the right to sell an asset at a certain price within a specific period of time. We may sell a put in order to create additional income in an account if we are comfortable with the option strike price as a suitable buy price for the underlying stock.

We may (although it is not an active strategy used often by us) also use options to "hedge" a purchase of the underlying security; in other words, we will use an option purchase to limit the potential downside of a security we have purchased for your portfolio.

We use "covered calls", in which we sell an option on security you own. In this strategy, you receive a premium for making the option available, and the person purchasing the option has the right to buy the security from you at an agreed-upon price.

A risk of covered calls is that the option buyer does not have to exercise the option, so that if we want to sell the stock prior to the end of the option agreement, we have to buy the option back from the option buyer, for a possible loss.

We may also use "cash secured or margin secured puts", in which we sell a put option on security you do not own. In this strategy, you receive a premium for making the option available, and the person purchasing the option has the right to sell the security to you at an agreed-upon price.

A risk of selling puts is that the price of the underlying stock can fall below the agreed-upon option price so that if the put is exercised or we want to buy the option back from the option buyer prior to the termination of the option, a possible loss could be incurred.

Risks Associated with Inverse Funds and ETFs

Inverse mutual funds and ETFs, which are sometimes referred to as "short" funds and ETFs, seek to provide the opposite of the performance of the index or benchmark they track. Inverse funds and ETFs are often marketed as a way to profit from, or hedge exposure to, downward moving markets. Some inverse funds and ETFs also use leverage, such that they seek to achieve a return that is a multiple of the opposite performance of the underlying index or benchmark (i.e., -200%, -300%). In addition to leverage, these funds and ETFs may also use derivative instruments to accomplish their objectives. As such, inverse funds and ETFs are volatile and provide the potential for significant losses. Risk associated with holding inverse Funds and ETF's include, but are not limited to:

- **Most Inverse Funds and ETFs Seek Daily Target Returns:** Most inverse funds and ETFs "reset" daily, meaning that they are designed to achieve their stated objectives on a daily basis. Due to the effect of compounding, the return for investors who invest for a period different than one trading day may vary significantly from the fund's stated goal as well as the target benchmark's performance. This is especially true in very volatile markets or if a fund is tracking a very volatile underlying index.
- **Higher Operating Expenses and Fees:** Investors should be aware that inverse funds and ETFs typically rebalance their portfolios on a daily basis in order to compensate for anticipated changes in overall market conditions. This rebalancing can result in frequent trading and increased portfolio turnover. Inverse funds will therefore generally have higher operating expenses and investment management fees than other funds and ETFs.
- **Tax Treatment of Inverse Funds and ETFs May Vary:** In some cases, inverse funds and ETFs may generate their returns through the use of derivative instruments. Because derivatives are taxed differently from equity or fixed-income securities, investors should be aware that these funds may not have the same tax efficiencies as other funds.

Margin Accounts

Certain strategies or Portfolios (such as options) require the use of a margin account to establish required positions. For other Portfolios, the use of margin is not expected to be used frequently, except as necessary to borrow sufficient funds to purchase a security for an account. This typically happens if sufficient cash is not available in the account to purchase the security and it is not advantageous to sell other investments. The use of margin carries risks that clients should understand. In volatile markets, security prices can fall very quickly. If the net value of a client's account (less the amount the client owes to the broker) falls below a certain level, the broker will issue a "margin call" and the client will be required to sell the security (and other positions) or add more cash to the account. You could lose more money than you originally invested. Additionally, the client must pay interest on the margin balance owed to the broker until it is repaid in full. The amount of margin interest will diminish the client's profits and in some cases could cause net losses in the client's account.

Risk of Errors in Investment Decisions

There is a risk that Advisor's judgment about the attractiveness, relative value, or potential appreciation of a particular market sector or security, or about the timing of investment purchases or sales, may prove to be incorrect, resulting in losses to the client's account. The success of Advisor's strategy for an account or Portfolio is subject to Advisor's ability to continually analyze and select appropriate investments, and allocate and re-allocate the investments consistent with the intended investment objectives and risk parameters. There is no assurance that Advisor's efforts will be successful.

Reliance on Sources of Information

Advisor's method of analyzing investment opportunities assumes that the information Advisor receives about securities, managers, and companies, the characteristics and ratings of the securities they issue, and other publicly-available sources of information Advisor utilizes is accurate and unbiased. While Advisor is alert to indications that data may be incorrect or skewed, there is always a risk that its analysis may be compromised by inaccurate or misleading information.

Management of Account Until Advisor Receives Notice

Unless and until the client notifies Advisor to designate a different portfolio for the account or to notify Advisor of material changes in the Suitability Information, Advisor will continue to manage the account according to the Suitability Information in its records. Clients should inform Advisor promptly of significant changes in their individual or family circumstances or financial situation, or in the investment goals or objectives, investment time horizon, tolerance for risk, or liquidity needs of their account so that appropriate changes can be made.

Tax Considerations

Advisor's strategies and investments may have unique and significant tax implications. However, unless we specifically agree otherwise, and in writing, tax efficiency is not our primary consideration in the management of your assets. Regardless of your account size or any other factors, we strongly recommend that you consult with a tax professional regarding the investing of your assets.

Moreover, custodians and broker-dealers must report the cost basis of equities acquired in client accounts on or after January 1, 2011. Your custodian will default to the First-In First-Out ("FIFO") accounting method for calculating the cost basis of your investments. You are responsible for contacting your tax advisor to determine if this accounting method is the right choice for you. If your tax advisor believes another accounting method is more advantageous, provide written notice to our firm immediately and we will alert your account custodian of your individually selected accounting method. Decisions about cost basis accounting methods will need to be made before trades settle, as the cost basis method cannot be changed after settlement.

Risk of Loss

All investing involves a risk of loss that investors should be prepared to bear. The descriptions contained below are a brief overview of the material risks related to Advisor's investment strategies; however, it is not intended to serve as an exhaustive list or a comprehensive description of all risks and conflicts that may arise in connection with participation in the Advisor's services.

Business Risk – the risk that the price of an investment will change due to factors unique to that company, investment or market segment and not the market in general.

Leverage Risk – the risk to specific companies' future earnings due to their use of debt. Companies that borrow money must pay it back at some future date, plus the interest charges. This increases the uncertainty about the company because it must have enough income to pay back this amount at some time in the future.

Market Risk – the risk that the price of a particular investment will change as a result of overall market conditions that are not specific to that particular company or investment.

Event-Based Risks – these are risks of events the market has not anticipated, known as "Black Swans." A Black Swan event is an event that is unprecedented or unexpected at the point in time it occurs, and which can cause large market dislocations.

Interest Rate Risk – the risk that interest rate changes will affect the price of a particular investment. For example, when interest rates rise, the price of bonds generally falls.

Market Volatility Risk-The prices of securities may be volatile. Price movements of securities in which Advisor invests are influenced by, among other things: interest rates; changing supply and demand relationships; trade, fiscal, monetary and exchange control programs and policies of governments; and U.S. and international political and economic events and policies. In addition, governments from time to time intervene, directly or by regulation, in certain markets, particularly those in currencies and interest rate related futures and options. Such intervention often is intended directly to influence prices and may, together with other factors, cause all of such markets to move rapidly in the same direction because of, among other things, interest rate fluctuations.

Management Risk- The success of the Advisor's strategies for each Portfolio is subject to Advisor's ability to continually analyze and select appropriate investments, and allocate and re-allocate the investments as a suitable portfolio consistent with the intended investment objectives and risk parameters. There is no assurance that Advisor's efforts will be successful.

Item 9 Disciplinary Information

We are required to disclose any legal or disciplinary events that are material to a client's or prospective client's evaluation of our advisory business or the integrity of our management.

Advisor does not have any matters to disclose under this Item.

Item 10 Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

Relationships with Investment Company and Investment Advisers

Clients who receive Financial Planning Services, we may recommend that they engage our firm to provide investment management services. This creates a potential conflict of interest because the recommendation of our services may be influenced by the potential economic revenue from fees earned from client's business rather than on the investment needs of the client.

Clients should consider these potential conflicts of interest carefully when deciding whether to participate in these programs. Advisor has adopted the following steps to address these potential conflicts:

- we disclose the existence of these conflicts in this Brochure and we endeavour to act consistent with our fiduciary duty;
- we request clients to provide the Suitability Information for the account that will be managed by us, and we require that we have a reasonable basis for the investment decisions we make with respect to accounts;
- we request clients to update the Suitability Information to ensure our recommendations continue to have a reasonable basis; and
- we educate our Ratón Advisors regarding the responsibilities of a fiduciary, including the need for having a reasonable basis for the investment advice provided to clients.

Item 11 Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

A. Code of Ethics

Advisor has adopted a Code of Ethics expressing its commitment to ethical conduct. The Code of Ethics describes Advisor's fiduciary responsibilities to its Clients, and its procedures in supervising the personal securities transactions of its supervised persons who have access to information regarding Client recommendations or transactions ("access persons").

A copy of the Code of Ethics is available to Clients and prospective Clients. You may request the Code of Ethics by email at paulc@ratonwealth.com or by calling Advisor at 317-537-7801.

Advisor owes a duty of loyalty, fairness, and good faith towards Clients and an obligation to adhere not only to the specific provisions of the Code of Ethics but also to the general principles that guide the Code.

Advisor owes a duty of loyalty, fairness, and good faith towards Clients and an obligation to adhere not only to the specific provisions of the Code of Ethics but also to the general principles that guide the Code.

The Code of Ethics includes policies and procedures for the review of access persons' quarterly securities transactions reports as well as initial and annual securities holdings reports that must be submitted by access persons. Among other things, the Code of Ethics also requires the prior approval of any acquisition of securities in a limited offering (e.g., private placement) or an initial public offering. The Code also provides for oversight, enforcement, and recordkeeping provisions.

The Code of Ethics prohibits the misuse of material non-public information. While Advisor does not believe that it has any particular access to material non-public information regarding publicly traded companies that would be subject to misuse, all employees are reminded that any such information may not be used in a personal or professional capacity.

Advisor and its officers, and employees may act as investment adviser for others, may manage funds or capital for others, may have, make and maintain investments in its or their own names, or may serve as an officer, director, consultant, partner or stockholder of one or more investment partnerships or other businesses, subject to compliance with the Code of Ethics. In doing so, Advisor or such persons may give advice, take action, and refrain from taking action, any of which may differ from advice given, action taken or not, or the timing of any action, for any particular Client.

Ratón Advisors have no obligation to purchase or sell, or to recommend for purchase or sale, any security which Advisor or any principal, officer, or employee purchases or sells for his own account or for the accounts of other Clients, unless such conduct is a fiduciary obligation.

B. Recommendations Involving Our Financial Interests

Advisor is required to disclose in Item 11 if it recommends that clients invest in securities in which Advisor or a related person has a material financial interest. This includes acting as an investment adviser to an investment company that Advisor recommends to clients.

As disclosed in Item 10, Advisor recommends clients invest in shares of the Mutual Fund whose investment adviser is owned, in part, by Advisor's parent corporation. Refer to the discussion in Item 10 for how we address the potential conflicts that arise from such recommendations.

C. Investments in Securities Recommended to Clients

Individuals associated with Advisor may buy or sell securities for their personal accounts identical to or different from those recommended to Clients. It is the policy of Advisor that no person employed by it shall prefer his or her own interest to that of an advisory Client or make personal investment decisions based on the investment decisions of Clients. Subject to the Code of Ethics, Advisor and its employees are permitted to trade for their own accounts side-by-side and in block transactions with Advisor's Clients in the same securities, and at the same time. We have adopted the procedures described in Item 11.D to address the actual and potential conflicts of interest raised by our policies.

D. Investments around Time of Client Transactions

Subject to the procedures in this section 11.D, Advisor and its employees are permitted to trade for their own accounts side-by-side with Clients in the same securities at or around the same time as Clients on the same trading day, and are permitted to aggregate trades for their proprietary accounts with trades for Client accounts. Advisor and its employees may buy or sell securities for their personal accounts identical to the securities recommended to Clients. We have adopted the procedures described below to address the potential conflicts of interest arising from our policies described in Items 11.C and 11.D:

- employees may not purchase or sell securities (other than mutual funds or other securities that are not treated as “reportable securities”) immediately prior to client transactions, in order to prevent employees from benefitting from transactions placed on behalf of advisory accounts;
- no director, officer, or employee shall buy or sell securities for their personal portfolio(s) where their decision is substantially derived, in whole or in part, by reason of his or her employment, unless the information is also available to the investing public on reasonable inquiry;
- no director, officer, or employee shall knowingly prefer his or her own interest to that of an advisory client;
- Advisor maintains records of securities held by it and its access persons;
- Advisor emphasizes the unrestricted right of the client to decline to implement any advice Advisor has rendered;
- Advisor requires all employees to act in accordance with all applicable Federal and State laws and regulations governing registered investment advisory practices; and
- any employee not in observance of the above may be subject to discipline, including termination.

Item 12 Brokerage Practices

RECOMMENDING CUSTODIANS AND BROKERS

Client assets must be maintained in an account maintained with a qualified custodian. Client will select the custodian by entering into an account agreement directly with the custodian to open the custodial account. Advisor does not open the custodial account for the client.

Best Execution

How Advisor Selects Brokers/Custodians. Advisor seeks custodians which are brokers and who will hold client assets and execute transactions on terms that are overall most advantageous when compared to other available providers and their services. Advisor considers a wide range of factors, including, among others, the following:

- combination of transaction execution services along with asset custody services (generally without a separate fee for custody);
- capability to execute, clear and settle trades for client’s account;
- capabilities to facilitate transfers and payments to and from accounts (wire transfers, check requests, bill payment, etc.);
- breadth of available investment products (stocks, bonds, mutual funds, exchange traded funds, etc.);
- availability of investment research and tools that assist Advisor in making investment decisions;
- quality of services;
- competitiveness of the prices for the services (commission rates, other fees, etc.) and willingness to negotiate them;
- reputation, financial strength and stability;
- prior service history with Advisor and its clients; and
- availability of other products and services that benefit Advisor, as discussed below (see “Products and Services Available from Custodian”).

Products and Services Available from Custodian.

Advisor participates in the institutional advisor program (the "Program") offered by TD Ameritrade

Institutional. TD Ameritrade Institutional is a division of TD Ameritrade Inc., member FINRA/SIPC ("TD Ameritrade"), an unaffiliated SEC-registered broker-dealer and FINRA member. TD Ameritrade offers services to independent investment advisers, services which include custody of securities, trade execution, clearance and settlement of transactions. We receive some benefits from TD Ameritrade through our participation in the program.

Advisor participates in TD Ameritrade's Institutional customer program and we may recommend TD Ameritrade to our clients for custody and brokerage services. There is no direct link between our firm's participation in the program and the investment advice we give to our clients, although we receive economic benefits through our participation in the program that are typically not available to TD Ameritrade retail investors.

These benefits include the following products and services (provided without cost or at a discount): duplicate client statements and confirmations; research related products and tools; consulting services; access to a trading desk serving adviser participants; access to block trading (which provides the ability to aggregate securities transactions for execution and then allocate the appropriate shares to client accounts); the ability to have advisory fees deducted directly from client accounts; access to an electronic communications network for client order entry and account information; access to mutual funds with no transaction fees and to certain Institutional money managers; and discounts on compliance, marketing, research, technology, and practice management products or services provided to Ratón Wealth, LLC by third party vendors.

Some of the products and services made available by TD Ameritrade through the program may benefit Ratón Wealth, LLC but may not benefit our client accounts. These products or services may assist us in managing and administering client accounts, including accounts not maintained at TD Ameritrade. Other services made available by TD Ameritrade are intended to help us manage and further develop our business enterprise. The benefits received by Ratón Wealth, LLC or our personnel through participation in the program do not depend on the amount of brokerage transactions directed to TD Ameritrade. Clients should be aware, however, that the receipt of economic benefits by Ratón Wealth, LLC or our related persons in and of itself creates a potential conflict of interest and may indirectly influence our choice OR recommendation of TD Ameritrade for custody and brokerage services.

Services that Benefit Clients

Custodian's brokerage services include access to a broad range of investment products, execution of securities transactions, and custody of client assets. The investment products available through the Custodian include some to which we might not otherwise have access or that would require a significantly higher minimum initial investment, and access to mutual funds with no transaction fees and to certain institutional money managers which may result in lower client expenses. These services generally benefit clients and their accounts.

Services that May Not Directly Benefit Clients.

Some of the useful benefits and services made available by the Custodian through its institutional program may benefit Advisor but may not benefit all or any client accounts. When Advisor selects or recommends TD Ameritrade, Advisor will take into consideration whether the Custodian provides Advisor with such benefits and services. Clients pay the Custodian trading fees to execute transactions. These products and services assist Advisor in managing and administering client accounts. They include investment research-related products and tools, in some case the Custodian's own and those of third parties. Advisor may use this research to service all or some substantial number of clients' accounts, including accounts not maintained at the Custodian. In addition to investment research, the Custodian also makes available software and other technology that:

- provide access to client account data (such as duplicate trade confirmations and account statements);

- facilitate trade execution, including access to a trading desk serving Advisor's clients;
- access to block trading (which provides the ability to aggregate securities transactions for execution and then allocate the aggregated trade orders to multiple client accounts);
- provide pricing and other market data;
- facilitate deduction of Advisory Fees directly from clients' accounts;
- access to an electronic communications network for client order entry and account information;
- assist with back-office functions, recordkeeping and client reporting.

Services that Generally Benefit Only Advisor.

Custodian also offer other services intended to help Advisor manage and further develop its business enterprise. These services include:

- educational conferences and events;
- technology, compliance, marketing, legal, and business consulting;
- publications and conferences on practice management and business succession; and
- access to employee benefits providers, human capital consultants and insurance providers.

Custodian may provide some of these services directly, or in other cases, will arrange for third-party vendors to provide the services to Advisor. They may also discount or waive fees for some of these services or pay all or a part of a third party's fees. Custodian may also provide Advisor with other benefits such as occasional business entertainment of Advisor personnel.

Please refer to Item 14 for additional description of additional services that TD Ameritrade provides to Advisor in connection with its institutional advisor program.

Brokerage Services Do Not Benefit Specific Accounts.

Advisor does not attempt to put a dollar value on the useful benefits and services each account receives from the Custodian, nor does it attempt to allocate or use the economic benefits and services received from Custodian for the benefit of the accounts maintained with Custodian, or attempt to use any particular item to service all accounts. Some of the products and services made available by Custodian may benefit Advisor but may not benefit all or any of Advisor's client accounts. The benefits and services Advisor receives from Custodian are used to help Advisor to fulfill its overall Client obligations.

Advisor Interest in the Custodian's Services.

The availability of these services from Custodian is a benefit to Advisor because Advisor does not have to produce or purchase them. These services are not contingent upon Advisor committing any specific amount of business to the Custodian in trading commissions or assets in custody. However, if Advisor did not recommend the Custodian's services, it is unlikely that Advisor would continue to receive these services. Advisor's interest in continuing to receive the Custodian's services gives it an incentive to recommend clients maintain accounts with the Custodian, based on its interest in receiving the Custodian's services that benefit Advisor's business rather than based on the client's interest in receiving the best value in custody services and the most favourable execution of transactions. This is a potential conflict of interest. Advisor believes, however, that its selection of Custodian as custodian and broker is in the best interests of its clients. The selection and recommendation of Custodian is primarily supported by the scope, quality, and price of all of the Custodian's services (see above, "How Advisor Selects Brokers/Custodians") and not solely by the Custodian's services that benefit only Advisor.

Lower Costs Available for Similar Services

We offer no assurance that the commissions or investment expenses Clients will incur by using TD Ameritrade as their custodian and broker will be as low as the commissions or investment expenses charged by other firms for similar services. It is likely that lower costs may be available for similar

services from other advisers, brokers or custodians, and by paying lower costs, Clients could significantly improve their long-term performance.

SOFT DOLLAR

Advisor does not participate in soft dollar arrangements.

DIRECTED BROKERAGE ARRANGEMENTS

Advisor may, in its sole discretion, agree to accept client direction to use a broker-dealer other than TD Ameritrade to purchase the recommended investments. In such cases, Advisor will direct the client's transactions through the designated broker-dealer. The client's custodian may charge additional fees to execute and settle these transactions at another broker or custodian.

When a client directs the use of a particular broker-dealer, orders for these accounts will not be placed until after orders are placed for accounts that have not directed the use of a particular broker. Also, Advisor will not have discretion to place trade orders with other brokers. Consequently, as a result of directing brokerage, the client will not receive the benefit of reduced transaction costs or better prices that may result if Advisor had discretion to negotiate the terms of the orders, such as commissions, volume discounts, or seek price improvement from other broker-dealers. The client may incur higher transaction costs, delays in execution, and less favourable prices than the transactions effected for accounts that do not direct brokerage.

This practice may cost the client more money than if Advisor had discretion to select the broker-dealer. A disparity may arise such that clients who direct brokerage may pay higher overall transaction costs and receive less favourable prices than clients who do not direct brokerage.

ORDER AGGREGATION

Advisor may aggregate orders for the purchase or sale of securities on behalf of the accounts it manages. The ability for clients to have their orders aggregated into a "block order" with other clients can offer economic benefits, including the potential for volume discounts on their orders, timelier execution, a reduction of adverse market effects that can occur from separate, competing orders, and mutual sharing of transaction costs. Accounts of our supervised persons (employees) may participate in block orders on the same basis as clients.

Block orders are typically placed through an "average price account" or similar account such that transactions for accounts participating in the order are averaged as to price (which will be NAV for all mutual fund securities), and the securities purchased or net proceeds received are allocated pro rata among the accounts in proportion to their respective orders placed that trading day. For mutual fund orders, if no economic benefit is received from the use of block orders, they will not be used.

Typically, partial fills will be allocated among accounts in proportion to the total orders participating in the block, unless we determine that another method of allocation is equitable (such as an alphabetical rotation, rotation based on the clients of a particular Ratón Advisor, or other method). Exceptions may be granted or allowed due to varying cash availability, divergent investment objectives, existing concentrations, tax considerations, performance relative to a benchmark, performance relative to other accounts in the same portfolio, or a desire to avoid "odd lots" (an amount of a security that is less than the normal unit of trading for that security).

TRADE ERRORS

It is Advisor's policy for Clients to be made whole following a trade error. If a trade error results in a loss, Advisor will make the Client whole and absorb the loss. If a trade error results in a gain, the custodian will donate the money to charity. The Custodians may have a policy where an adviser is not required to reimburse trade errors resulting in a loss below a de minimis amount (e.g., \$100). In such

circumstances, the Custodian will absorb the loss and there is no financial impact to the Client. Likewise, if a trade error results in a gain less than a de minimis amount (e.g., \$100), the Custodian will keep the gain or donate it to charity. In all other circumstances, trade errors will be corrected as described above.

Item 13 Review of Accounts

ACCOUNT REVIEWS

For accounts participating in the MA Services, the Portfolio Consultant continuously monitors the securities in the accounts he or she manages, and performs quarterly reviews of account holdings for consistency with the Suitability Information and guidelines established with the client. More frequent reviews may be triggered by changes in the Suitability Information, as well as by economic, macroeconomic, political, or market activity or events.

Generally, Financial Planning or Consulting Services do not include reviews, unless specifically included in the client's Advisory Agreement. Extended Planning Services clients receive on-going review services through frequent meetings with the Ratón Advisors and (approximately) semi-annual account review, as client and Portfolio Consultant mutually agree.

CLIENT REPORTS

Clients participating in the MA Services will receive monthly or quarterly account statements and confirmations from their Custodian, and appropriate periodic account reports from Advisor. Financial Planning clients will receive a written financial plan, as provided in their Advisory Agreement; provided, Advisor will not provide updates of such plan, unless specifically agreed in the Advisory Agreement. Please refer to Item 15 for further information about account statements.

Item 14 Client Referrals and Other Compensation

REFERRAL ARRANGEMENTS WITH THIRD PARTIES

Our firm may pay referral fees to independent persons or firms ("Solicitors") for introducing clients to us. Whenever we pay a referral fee, we require the Solicitor to provide the prospective client with a copy of this document (our *Firm Brochure*) and a separate disclosure statement that includes the following information:

- the Solicitor's name and relationship with our firm;
- the fact that the Solicitor is being paid a referral fee;
- the amount of the fee; and
- whether the fee paid to us by the client will be increased above our normal fees in order to compensate the Solicitor.

As a matter of firm practice, the advisory fees paid to us by clients referred by solicitors are not increased as a result of any referral.

As disclosed under Item 12, above, Advisor participates in TD Ameritrade's institutional customer program and Advisor may recommend TD Ameritrade to Clients for custody and brokerage services. There is no direct link between Advisor's participation in the program and the investment advice it gives to its Clients, although Advisor receives economic benefits through its participation in the program that are typically not available to TD Ameritrade retail investors. These benefits include the following products and services (provided without cost or at a discount): receipt of duplicate Client statements and confirmations; research related products and tools; consulting services; access to a trading desk serving Advisor participants; access to block trading (which provides the ability to

aggregate securities transactions for execution and then allocate the appropriate shares to Client accounts); the ability to have advisory fees deducted directly from Client accounts; access to an electronic communications network for Client order entry and account information; access to mutual funds with no transaction fees and to certain institutional money managers; and discounts on compliance, marketing, research, technology, and practice management products or services provided to Advisor by third party vendors. TD Ameritrade may also have paid for business consulting and professional services received by Advisor's related persons. Some of the products and services made available by TD Ameritrade through the program may benefit Advisor but may not benefit its Client accounts. These products or services may assist Advisor in managing and administering Client accounts, including accounts not maintained at TD Ameritrade. Other services made available by TD Ameritrade are intended to help Advisor manage and further develop its business enterprise. The benefits received by Advisor or its personnel through participation in the program do not depend on the amount of brokerage transactions directed to TD Ameritrade. As part of its fiduciary duties to clients, Advisor endeavors at all times to put the interests of its clients first. Clients should be aware, however, that the receipt of economic benefits by Advisor or its related persons in and of itself creates a potential conflict of interest and may indirectly influence the Advisor's choice of TD Ameritrade for custody and brokerage services.

Item 15 Custody

Advisor is deemed to have "custody" of the assets of Client accounts as a result of Advisor's ability to deduct fees from the Client's custodial account, as authorized by the Client's Advisory Agreement. Assets will be held in the name of the Client by the Custodian. Please refer to Item 5 for information regarding deduction of Advisory Fees from client accounts.

Item 16 Investment Discretion

The client accounts are managed on a discretionary basis. The client executes the Advisory Agreement wherein the client grants Advisor full authority and discretion to manage the assets according to the terms of the Advisory Agreement, guided by the Suitability Information, other documents, and information provided to Advisor regarding the account or assets, and any restrictions which client wishes to impose, from time to time.

Item 17 Voting Client Securities

Advisor requires all Clients to retain responsibility for voting account securities. Advisor will not vote proxies, exercise rights, make elections, or take other such actions with respect to securities held for accounts. Clients are responsible for instructing each custodian of the assets, to forward to the client all proxy solicitations or similar matters relating to the client's investment accounts. Clients may obtain proxy materials by written request to the account's custodian. Advisor does not provide advice about the issues raised by proxy solicitations or other requests for corporate actions.

Periodically a class action suit is filed on behalf of shareholders against a company our client may have or had a position in. Advisor employs Chicago Clearing, to recover any damages for our clients to ensure the client receives compensation, and to make the recovery of such damages easier to obtain. Chicago Clearing charges a percentage of funds recovered as a fee. Because each recovery is often small, the fee is generally a small dollar amount.

Item 18 Financial Information

Prepayment of Fees Six Months or More in Advance

Advisers who solicit or accept fees of more than \$500 per client, six months or more in advance are required to provide their clients an audited balance sheet. Because we do not accept pre-paid fees exceeding \$500 per client, six months or more in advance, we have not provided a balance sheet.

Disclosure of Certain Financial Conditions

Advisers who have custody or discretion over client funds or securities, or who require prepayment of fees exceeding \$500 six months or more in advance must disclose any financial condition reasonably likely to impair their ability to meet contractual commitments to clients.

There is no financial condition that is reasonably likely to impair our ability to meet contractual commitments to our client.

Bankruptcy within Past Ten Years

Advisers who have been the subject of a bankruptcy petition during the past ten years must disclose certain information about the matter.

We have never been the subject of a bankruptcy petition.